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- (3) The Surety must pay SBA its pro rata share of the settlement amount within 90 days of receipt. Prior to closing the file on a Principal, the Surety must certify that SBA has received its pro rata share of all indemnity recovery.
- (b) Conditions for reinstatement. At any time after a Principal becomes ineligible for further bond guarantees under §115.14(a), the Surety may recommend that such Principal's eligibility be reinstated. OSG may agree to reinstate the Principal and its Affiliates if:
- (1) The Principal's guarantee fee has been paid to SBA and SBA receives evidence that the Principal has paid all delinquent amounts due to the Surety (including amounts for Imminent Breach); or
- (2) The Surety has settled its claim with the Principal for an amount and on terms accepted by OSG; or
- (3) The Principal contests a claim and provides collateral, acceptable to the Surety and OSG, which has a liquidation value of at least the amount of the claim including related expenses; or
- (4) The Principal's indebtedness to the Surety is discharged by operation of law (e.g., bankruptcy discharge); or
- (5) OSG and the Surety determine that further bond guarantees are appropriate.
- (c) Underwriting after reinstatement. A guarantee application submitted after reinstatement of the Principal's eligibility is subject to a very stringent underwriting review.

Subpart C—Preferred Surety Bond (PSB) Guarantees

§ 115.60 Selection and admission of PSB Sureties.

- (a) Selection of PSB Sureties. SBA's selection of PSB Sureties will be guided by, but not limited to, these factors:
- (1) An underwriting limitation of at least \$2,000,000 on the U.S. Treasury Department list of acceptable sureties;
- (2) An agreement that the Surety will neither charge a bond premium in excess of that authorized by the appropriate State insurance department, nor impose any non-premium fee unless

- such fee is permitted by applicable State law and approved by SBA.
- (3) Premium income from contract bonds guaranteed by any government agency (Federal, State or local) of no more than one- quarter of the total contract bond premium income of the Surety;
- (4) The vesting of underwriting authority for SBA guaranteed bonds only in employees of the Surety;
- (5) The vesting of final settlement authority for claims and recovery under the PSB program only in employees of the Surety's permanent claims department; and
- (6) The rating or ranking designations assigned to the Surety by recognized authority.
- (b) Admission of PSB Sureties. A Surety admitted to the PSB program must execute a PSB Agreement before approving SBA guaranteed bonds. No SBA guarantee attaches to bonds approved before the D/SG or designee has countersigned the Agreement.

[61 FR 3271, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 66 FR 30804, June 8, 2001; 72 FR 34600, June 25, 2007]

§115.61 [Reserved]

§ 115.62 Prohibition on participation in Prior Approval program.

A PSB Surety is not eligible to submit applications under subpart B of this part. This prohibition does not extend to an Affiliate, as defined in 13 CFR §121.103, of a PSB Surety that is not itself a PSB Surety provided that the relationship between the PSB Surety and the Affiliate has been fully disclosed to SBA and that such Affiliate has been approved by SBA to participate as a Prior Approval Surety pursuant to §115.11.

[72 FR 34600, June 25, 2007]

§115.63 Allotment of guarantee authority.

(a) General. SBA allots to each PSB Surety a periodic maximum guarantee authority. No SBA guarantee attaches to bonds approved by a PSB Surety if the bonds exceed the allotted authority for the period in which the bonds are approved. No reliance on future authority is permitted. An allotment can be